

## **Currently Funded Categories FY 2011 (Order by Prioritized Ranking)**

### **Outpatient/Ambulatory Medical Care**

**Outpatient/Ambulatory Medical Care** (health services) is the provision of professional diagnostic and therapeutic services rendered by a physician, physician's assistant, clinical nurse specialist, or nurse practitioner in an outpatient setting. Settings include clinics, medical offices, and mobile vans where clients generally do not stay overnight. Emergency room services are not outpatient settings. Services includes diagnostic testing, early intervention and risk assessment, preventive care and screening, practitioner examination, medical history taking, diagnosis and treatment of common physical and mental conditions, prescribing and managing medication therapy, education and counseling on health issues, well-baby care, continuing care and management of chronic conditions, and referral to and provision of specialty care (includes all medical subspecialties). Primary medical care for the treatment of HIV infection includes the provision of care that is consistent with the Public Health Service's guidelines. Such care must include access to antiretroviral and other drug therapies, including prophylaxis and treatment of opportunistic infections and combination antiretroviral therapies. **NOTE:** Early Intervention Services provided by Ryan White Part C and Part D Programs should be included here under Outpatient/Ambulatory Medical Care.

### **AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP treatments)**

**AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP treatments)** is a State-administered program authorized under Part B of the Ryan White Program that provides FDA-approved medications to low-income individuals with HIV disease who have limited or no coverage from private insurance, Medicaid or Medicare.

### **Medical Case Management**

**Medical Case Management** services (including treatment adherence) are a range of client-centered services that link clients with health care, psychosocial, and other services. The coordination and follow-up of medical treatments is a component of medical case management. These services ensure timely and coordinated access to medically appropriate levels of health and support services and continuity of care, through ongoing assessment of the client's and other key family members' needs and personal support systems. Medical case management includes the provision of treatment adherence counseling to ensure readiness for, and adherence to, complex HIV/AIDS treatments. Key activities include (1) initial assessment of service needs; (2) development of a comprehensive, individualized service plan; (3)

coordination of services required to implement the plan; (4) client monitoring to assess the efficacy of the plan; and (5) periodic re-evaluation and adaptation of the plan as necessary over the life of the client. It includes client-specific advocacy and/or review of utilization of services. This includes all types of case management including face-to-face, phone contact, and any other forms of communication.

### **AIDS Pharmaceutical Assistance (local)**

**AIDS Pharmaceutical Assistance (local)** includes local pharmacy assistance programs implemented by Part A or Part B Grantees to provide HIV/AIDS medications to clients. This assistance can be funded with Part A grant funds and/or Part B base award funds. Local pharmacy assistance programs are not funded with ADAP earmark funding.

### **Oral Health Care**

**Oral Health Care** includes diagnostic, preventive, and therapeutic services provided by general dental practitioners, dental specialists, dental hygienists and auxiliaries, and other trained primary care providers.

### **Mental Health Services**

**Mental Health Services** are psychological and psychiatric treatment and counseling services offered to individuals with a diagnosed mental illness, conducted in a group or individual setting, and provided by a mental health professional licensed or authorized within the State to render such services. This typically includes psychiatrists, psychologists, and licensed clinical social workers.

### **Early Intervention Services (EIS)**

**Early Intervention Services (EIS)** include counseling individuals with respect to HIV/AIDS; testing (including tests to confirm the presence of the disease, tests to diagnose the extent of immune deficiency, tests to provide information on appropriate therapeutic measures); other clinical and diagnostic services regarding HIV/AIDS; periodic medical evaluations for individuals with HIV/AIDS; and providing therapeutic measures. **NOTE:** EIS provided by Ryan White Part C and Part D Programs should NOT be reported here. Part C and Part D EIS should be included under Outpatient/Ambulatory medical care.

### **Substance Abuse Services - outpatient**

**Substance Abuse Services - outpatient** is the provision of medical or other treatment and/or counseling to address substance abuse problems (i.e.,

alcohol and/or legal and supervision of a physician, or by other qualified personnel.

### **Housing Services**

**Housing Services** are the provision of short term assistance to support emergency, temporary or transitional housing to enable an individual or family to gain or maintain medical care. Housing-related referral services include assessment, search, placement, advocacy, and the fees associated with them. Eligible housing can include both housing that does not provide direct medical or supportive services and housing that provides some type of medical or supportive services such as residential mental health services, foster care, or assisted living residential services.

### **Health Insurance Premium & Cost Sharing Assistance**

**Health Insurance Premium & Cost Sharing Assistance** is the provision of financial assistance for eligible individuals living with HIV to maintain a continuity of health insurance or to receive medical benefits under a health insurance program. This includes premium payments, risk pools, co-payments, and deductibles.

### **Emergency Financial Assistance**

**Emergency Financial Assistance** is the provision of short-term payments to agencies or establishment of voucher programs to assist with emergency expenses related to essential utilities, housing, food (including groceries, food vouchers, and food stamps), and medication when other resources are not available. **NOTE:** Part A and Part B programs must allocate, track and report these funds under specific service categories as described under 2.6 in DSS Program Policy Guidance No. 2 (formally Policy No. 97-02).

### **Food Bank/Home-Delivered Meals**

**Food Bank/Home-Delivered Meals** include the provision of actual food or meals. It does not include finances to purchase food or meals. The provision of essential household supplies such as hygiene items and household cleaning supplies should be included in this item. Includes vouchers to purchase food.

### **Medical Transportation Services**

**Medical Transportation Services** include conveyance services provided, directly or through voucher, to a client so that he or she may access health care services.

## **Home Health Care**

**Home Health Care** includes the provision of services in the home by licensed health care workers such as nurses and the administration of intravenous and aerosolized treatment, parenteral feeding, diagnostic testing, and other medical therapies.

## **Home and Community-based Health Services**

**Home and Community-based Health Services** include skilled health services furnished to the individual in the individual's home based on a written plan of care established by a case management team that includes appropriate health care professionals. Services include durable medical equipment; home health aide services and personal care services in the home; day treatment or other partial hospitalization services; home intravenous and aerosolized drug therapy (including prescription drugs administered as part of such therapy); routine diagnostic testing administered in the home; and appropriate mental health, developmental, and rehabilitation services. Inpatient hospital services, nursing home and other long term care facilities are NOT included.

## **Substance Abuse Services – residential**

**Substance Abuse Services – residential** is the provision of treatment to address substance abuse problems (including alcohol and/or illegal drugs) in a residential health service setting (short-term).